119TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. _____

To reauthorize the Toxic Substances Control Act, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

_____ introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To reauthorize the Toxic Substances Control Act, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the ''Toxic Substances Control Act Fee Reauthorization and Improvement Act of 2026''.

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

Section 3 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2602) is amended—

(1) by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the following:

''(4)(A) The term 'conditions of use' means the circumstances, as determined by the Administrator, under which a chemical substance is intended, known, or reasonably foreseen to be manufactured, processed, distributed in commerce, used, or disposed of.

''(B) The term 'conditions of use' does not include merely hypothetical circumstances.

''(C) For the Administrator to determine that a condition of use is reasonably foreseen, the Administrator shall have a cognizable basis to foresee that condition of use.

''(D) A condition of use that violates any other Federal law (including regulations) or that represents misuse of a substance is not within the meaning of what is reasonably foreseen.

''(E) If a submitter provides information that demonstrates broadly applied and effective exposure control measures are routinely used, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the lack of such measures is not reasonably foreseen.''; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

''(18)(A) The term 'unreasonable risk' does not include risks that may arise from common, well-un-

derstood hazards, such as irritation, corrosion, flammability, unreactive dust, and other physical effects.

''(B) The term 'unreasonable risk' includes consideration of both the hazard of a substance and the quantity, frequency, and duration of the exposure to the environment.''.

SEC. 3. MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING NOTICES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 5(a) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2604(a)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking the paragraph designation and all that follows through ''Except'' in the matter preceding clause (i) of subparagraph (A) and inserting the following:

''(1) LIMITATIONS.—

''(A) IN GENERAL.—Except'';

(B) in subparagraph (A), by indenting clauses (i) and (ii) appropriately; and

(C) in subparagraph (B)—

(i) by striking ''(B) A person'' and inserting the following:

''(B) EXCEPTIONS.—A person''; and

(ii) in clause (ii), by striking ''(ii) the Administrator'' and all that follows

through ''makes a determination'' in subclause (II) and inserting the following:

''(ii) the Administrator shall, within the applicable review period—

''(I) conduct a review of the notice; and

''(II) make a determination'';

(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) by striking ''(2) A determination'' and inserting the following:

''(2) SIGNIFICANT NEW USE DETERMINATION.—A determination''; and

(B) by indenting subparagraphs (A) through (D) appropriately;

(3) in paragraph (3)(B)(ii)(I), by striking ''may present'' and inserting ''is more likely than not to present'';

(4) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (7); and

(5) by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the following:

''(4) MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING PROGRAMS.—

''(A) SAFER CHOICE STANDARD AND CRITERIA.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall, at a minimum, continue to maintain and, as necessary, revise, with respect to the Safer Choice Program of the Environmental Protection Agency (as in effect on the date of enactment of the Toxic Substances Control Act Fee Reauthorization and Improvement Act of 2026)—

"(I) the Master Criteria; and

"(II) the functional class criteria described in the document of the Environmental Protection Agency entitled 'EPA's Safer Choice and Design for the Environment (DfE) Standard' and dated August 2024.

"(ii) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this subparagraph prohibits the Administrator from maintaining, revising, or abolishing, or requires the Administrator to maintain, revise, or abolish, any aspect of the Safer Choice Program of the Environmental Protection Agency (as in effect on the date of enactment of the Toxic Substances Control Act Fee Reauthorization

and Improvement Act of 2026) not described in clause (i).

"(B) SUSTAINABLE FUTURES PROGRAM.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with this subparagraph, the Administrator shall maintain a program, similar or identical to the Sustainable Futures Program, under which the Administrator provides training on the policies, procedures, and processes (including applying Environmental Protection Agency models and analog selection approaches) used during new chemicals review, such that submitters or other stakeholders can reliably perform assessments in a manner consistent with Environmental Protection Agency approaches, for the purpose of promoting the development and commercialization of safer chemicals through early risk screening and pollution prevention practices.

"(ii) REQUIRED UPDATES.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Toxic Substances Control Act Fee Reauthorization and Improvement Act of

2026, the Administrator shall, with respect to the program described in clause (i)—

"(I) review and, where necessary to align with the best available science, update relevant risk assessment models and tools;

"(II) establish standard operating procedures for program implementation;

"(III) develop training protocols for new chemicals staff; and

"(IV) create guidance documents to establish consistent review procedures.

"(iii) USE OF UPDATED MODELS.—Using the risk assessment models and tools updated under clause (ii)(I), the Administrator shall, in carrying out the program described in clause (i)—

"(I) provide training workshops on approaches to chemical screening;

"(II) make available computerized models and tools for risk evaluation; and

"(III) support chemical developers that have completed training with the that program in conducting preliminary risk assessments for potential eligibility under a tier of review under paragraph (5).

"(iv) INTEGRATION WITH TIERED REVIEW.—In carrying out the program described in clause (i), the Administrator shall—

"(I) ensure that procedures of that program align with the tiers of review established under paragraph (5);

"(II) update guidance documents to include criteria for assigning submissions to the appropriate tier of review under paragraph (5); and

"(III) train staff on standardized procedures for determining the applicable tier of review under paragraph (5).

"(v) REVIEW AND UPDATE.—The Administrator shall, not less frequently than once every 5 years—

''(I) review the effectiveness of the program described in clause (i) and, as necessary, revise that program based on the results of that review; and

''(II) update assessment tools and procedures of that program based on new scientific information.

''(5) TIERED REVIEW PERIOD.—

''(A) ESTABLISHMENT OF TIERS.—In reviewing notices under paragraph (3), the Administrator shall establish the following tiers:

''(i) A tier for a notice for a new chemical substance or new use that satisfies the Master Criteria or the functional class criteria described in subclauses (I) and (II), respectively, of paragraph (4)(A)(i) (including any revisions to those criteria).

''(ii) A tier for a notice for a chemical substance or new use for which the Administrator has developed established scientific methodology for review, such as—

''(I) a category of substantially similar chemical substances identified

by the Administrator under subsection (j)(2); and

''(II) a category described in the document of the Environmental Protection Agency entitled 'TSCA New Chemicals Program (NCP) Chemical Categories' and last substantively revised in August 2010 (including any categories created in a subsequent update to that document).

''(iii) A tier for a notice for a chemical substance or new use that does not meet any of the criteria described in clause (i) or (ii) but—

''(I) is intended to serve as a potentially safer alternative and is less likely to present an unreasonable risk to human health or the environment relative to an existing chemical substance listed on the inventory published under section 8(b);

''(II) shares functional uses with 1 or more existing substances of known or suspected concern; and

"(III) demonstrates, based on modeling, screening-level tools (including an assessment under the program described in paragraph (4)(B)(i)), or other information, the potential to reduce risk relative to the existing substance for which the chemical substance is intended to serve as an alternative.

"(iv) A tier for a notice for any chemical substance or new use that is not described in any of clauses (i) through (iii).

"(B) REVIEW PERIODS.—

"(i) FIRST TIER.—With respect to a notice described in subparagraph (A)(i) that is considered complete under subsection (k), subject to subsection (c), the review period for completing the determination under paragraph (3)(C) shall be the **[**XX**]**-day period beginning on the date on which the Administrator receives the notice.

"(ii) SECOND TIER.—With respect to a notice described in subparagraph (A)(ii) that is considered complete under sub-

section (k), subject to subsection (c), the review period for completing the determination under paragraph (3)(C) shall be the **[**XX**]**-day period beginning on the date on which the Administrator receives the notice.

''(iii) THIRD TIER.—With respect to a notice described in subparagraph (A)(iii) that is considered complete under subsection (k), subject to subsection (c), the review period for completing the determination under paragraph (3)(C) shall be the **[**XX**]**-day period beginning on the date on which the Administrator receives the notice.

''(iv) FOURTH TIER.—With respect to a notice described in subparagraph (A)(iv) that is considered complete under subsection (k), subject to subsection (c), the review period for completing the determination under paragraph (3)(C) shall be the **[**XX**]**-day period beginning on the date on which the Administrator receives the notice.

''(C) IMPLEMENTATION.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Toxic Substances Control Act Fee Reauthorization and Improvement Act of 2026, the Administrator shall promulgate regulations that—

"(I) establish procedures for submitters to designate the tier of review under subparagraph (A) to which the submitter believes a notice belongs;

"(II) define criteria for each tier of review under subparagraph (A);

"(III) specify the documentation required for a notice to be eligible for a tier of review under subparagraph (A); and

"(IV) establish standardized forms and checklists for notices.

"(ii) DISPUTE RESOLUTION.—

"(I) POSTSUBMISSION MEETINGS.—

"(aa) SUBMITTER DESIGNATION.—If the Administrator disagrees with the designation of a submitter with respect to the tier

of review under subparagraph (A) to which a notice belongs, the submitter of the notice may request an in-person postsubmission meeting with the Administrator, which the Administrator shall convene.

''(bb) DETERMINATION.—If a submitter of a notice disagrees with the determination of the Administrator with respect to the tier of review to which the notice is subject under subparagraph (A), the submitter of the notice may request an in-person postsubmission meeting with the Administrator, which the Administrator shall convene.

''(II) WRITTEN EXPLANATION.—If the Administrator disagrees with the designation of a submitter with respect to the tier of review under subparagraph (A) to which a notice belongs, the Administrator shall provide to the submitter a written expla-

nation that describes the reasons for the disagreement, which shall conform with the current scientific integrity policy of the Administrator.

''(iii) GUIDANCE DEVELOPMENT.—The Administrator shall update relevant policies, procedures, and guidance documents as necessary to carry out this paragraph.

''(iv) MAINTENANCE OF MODELS.—The Administrator shall develop and maintain the assessment models necessary for each tier of review under subparagraph (A).

''(v) REVIEW.—Not less frequently than once every 5 years, the Administrator shall review and update the criteria for each tier of review under subparagraph (A) as needed in accordance with the best available science.

''(6) COMPARATIVE RISK ASSESSMENT.—

''(A) VOLUNTARY PROVISION OF INFORMATION.—In submitting a notice under this subsection, a submitter may voluntarily include in-

formation in that notice with respect to pollution prevention and reduced risk benefits.

''(B) CONSIDERATION.—In making a determination whether a chemical substance or a new use for a chemical substance is more likely than not to present an unreasonable risk to human health or the environment under paragraph (3), the Administrator may consider information voluntarily submitted pursuant to subparagraph (A), including—

''(i) whether there is a reduced hazard to human health or the environment;

''(ii) the potential benefits to reduce the release or potency of greenhouse gas emissions; and

''(iii) the use of waste or renewable resources with respect to non-renewable resources.

''(C) PROHIBITION.—The Administrator may not consider the lack of provision of the information described in subparagraph (A) to be a detriment in any determination or finding under this section.''.

(b) EXTENSION OF REVIEW PERIOD.—Section 5 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2604) is

amended by striking subsection (c) and inserting the following:

"(c) EXTENSION OF REVIEW PERIOD.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may for good cause extend an applicable review period in accordance with this subsection.

"(2) EXTENSION PERIODS.—

"(A) FIRST TIER.—With respect to a notice described in subparagraph (A)(i) of subsection (a)(5), the Administrator may extend the review period under subparagraph (B)(i) of that subsection by a period of not more than **[**XX**]** days.

"(B) SECOND TIER.—With respect to a notice described in subparagraph (A)(ii) of subsection (a)(5), the Administrator may extend the review period under subparagraph (B)(ii) of that subsection by a period of not more than **[**XX**]** days.

"(C) THIRD TIER.—With respect to a notice described in subparagraph (A)(iii) of subsection (a)(5), the Administrator may extend the review period under subparagraph (B)(iii) of that subsection by a period of not more than **[**XX**]** days.

"(D) FOURTH TIER.—With respect to a notice described in subparagraph (A)(iv) of subsection (a)(5), the Administrator may extend the review period under subparagraph (B)(iv) of that subsection by a period of not more than **[**XX**]** days.

"(3) NO SUSPENSION OF REVIEW PERIOD.—The Administrator shall not request that a submitter suspend an applicable review period, including under section 720.75(b) of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of enactment of the Toxic Substances Control Act Fee Reauthorization and Improvement Act of 2026), or similar regulations, to accommodate delays in the review of the Administrator under this subsection.

"(4) APPLICABILITY.—This subsection shall not apply to an eligible submission described in paragraph (4)(B) of subsection (i) for which an expedited review period established by paragraph (5) of that subsection is applied.".

(c) REGULATION PENDING DEVELOPMENT OF INFORMATION.—Section 5(e)(1)(A)(ii)(I) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2604(e)(1)(A)(ii)(I)) is amended by striking "may" and inserting "is more likely than not to".

SEC. 4. PRODUCT STEWARDSHIP.

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) supply chain stewardship can be effective in promoting the safe manufacture, processing, distribution, and use of substances; and

(2) supply chain stewardship is predicated on—

(A) an understanding of the health and environmental hazards of the substance;

(B) an understanding of the conditions of use during manufacture, processing, distribution, use, and disposal; and

(C) clear communication throughout the supply chain of the proper protective measures that must be taken to protect workers, the general population, and the environment.

(b) STEWARDSHIP PATHWAY AUTHORIZATION.—Section 5(h) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2604(h)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

''(11) STEWARDSHIP PATHWAY AUTHORIZATION.—

''(A) IN GENERAL.—

''(i) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROCESS.—The Administrator shall, [by rule or order], establish a process for granting or

denying authorizations under the stewardship pathway under this paragraph.

''(ii) DETERMINATION.—The Administrator shall, on receiving a submission for an authorization under the stewardship pathway under this paragraph, grant or deny an authorization by order under the process established under clause (i) to 1 or more persons to manufacture (including import) and distribute in commerce a new chemical substance under the intended conditions of use described in the submission in lieu of the other requirements of this section if the Administrator determines that the manufacture, processing, distribution in commerce, use, or disposal of such chemical substance, or any combination of such activities under the specific conditions of use granted by the authorization, is not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment, including an unreasonable risk to a potentially exposed or susceptible subpopulation identified by the Adminis-

trator, under the intended conditions of use described in the submission.

''(B) ELIGIBILITY.—A submission for an authorization under the stewardship pathway under this paragraph shall include—

''(i) all relevant information necessary to demonstrate that the chemical substance under the conditions of use being authorized is not likely to present an unreasonable risk described in subparagraph (A) using relevant and applicable assumptions, models, and procedures employed by the Administrator, including under the program described in subsection (a)(4)(B)(i) or any successor methodology adopted by the Administrator, for reviewing new chemical substances under this section;

''(ii) a stewardship implementation plan that—

''(I) describes with specificity the intended conditions of use, engineering controls, disposal practices, and any applicable personal protective equipment; and

''(II) includes measures for downstream communication, including updates to safety data sheets, handling guides, and technical documentation; and

''(iii) if applicable, identification of any 1 or more persons other than the person making the submission that will be allowed to manufacture or process the chemical substance pursuant to the authorization.

''(C) REVIEW.—

''(i) REVIEW PERIOD.—The review period for making a determination on a submission for an authorization under the stewardship pathway under this paragraph that is considered complete under subsection (k) shall be the **[**XX**]**-day period beginning on the date on which the Administrator receives the submission.

''(ii) APPROVAL.—The Administrator shall grant an authorization under the stewardship pathway under this paragraph if the Administrator determines that—

''(I) the submission demonstrates that the chemical substance is not likely to present an unreasonable risk described in subparagraph (A)(ii); and

''(II) the stewardship implementation plan submitted under subparagraph (B)(ii) meets the requirements under that subparagraph.

''(iii) DISAPPROVAL.—If the Administrator does not make the determinations under clause (ii)—

''(I) the Administrator shall identify the specific basis for disapproval, including—

''(aa) any additional information used in the review by the Administrator; and

''(bb) any information relating to the likely unreasonable risk for the specific conditions of use; and

''(II) the person making the submission may revise or supplement the submission for review and reconsideration.

"(iv) EXTENSIONS.—

"(I) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator—

"(aa) may extend the review period established by clause (i) once by not more than **[**XX**]** days only on a written determination supported by specific evidence that the submission raises novel safety issues requiring additional technical analysis that could not reasonably have been identified during the initial review period; and

"(bb) may not request or require any further extensions.

"(II) APPLICABILITY.—This clause shall not apply to an eligible submission described in paragraph (4)(B) of subsection (i) for which an expedited review period established by paragraph (5)(E) of that subsection is applied.

"(v) FAILURE TO ACT.—If the Administrator fails to make a determination

under clause (ii) before the deadline established by clause (i), and no extension has been granted under clause (iv)(I)(aa), the requirements of this subsection shall be deemed to be fulfilled for the conditions of use described in the submission.

''(D) ENFORCEMENT AND REVOCATION.—

''(i) VIOLATIONS.—A violation of an approved stewardship implementation plan described in subparagraph (B)(ii) by a person granted an authorization under the stewardship pathway under this paragraph, or by a recipient contractually bound under subparagraph (G), shall be a prohibited act under section 15 and subject to enforcement under section 16.

''(ii) REVOCATION.—The Administrator may revoke an authorization under the stewardship pathway under this paragraph only on a determination that—

''(I) there has been a material misrepresentation, omission, or fraud in the submission; or

''(II) there has been a pattern of significant, willful violations of the ap-

proved stewardship implementation plan described in subparagraph (B)(ii) by the person granted the authorization.

''(E) MODIFICATIONS.—A recipient of an authorization under the stewardship pathway under this paragraph may seek to modify the authorization by making an additional submission in accordance with subparagraph (B).

''(F) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this paragraph, the Administrator shall issue guidance describing—

''(i) the specific data and information elements that constitute a complete submission for the purposes of subparagraph (B)(i), which shall not require data elements beyond those specified in this paragraph unless the Administrator demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that additional elements are necessary to evaluate unreasonable risk under the specific conditions of use described in the submission; and

"(ii) the elements of an acceptable stewardship implementation plan described in subparagraph (B)(ii), which shall be limited to elements necessary to ensure the compliance verification and inspection of the conditions of use under the stewardship implementation plan.

"(G) RECIPIENTS OF SUBSTANCES UNDER AUTHORIZATION UNDER THE STEWARDSHIP PATHWAY.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Each person that manufactures or imports a chemical substance for which an authorization under the stewardship pathway is granted under this paragraph shall, with respect to the immediate recipients of the chemical substance—

"(I) obtain contractual commitments requiring those recipients to comply with the approved stewardship implementation plan submitted under subparagraph (B)(ii); and

"(II) ensure that contracts described in subclause (I) are subject to

inspection by the Administrator, consistent with section 14.

''(ii) NONCOMPLIANCE.—If a recipient of a chemical substance for which an authorization under the stewardship pathway is granted under this paragraph is found to not comply with the approved stewardship implementation plan submitted under subparagraph (B)(ii), the persons that manufacture or import the chemical substance—

''(I) shall notify the Administrator of the noncompliance;

''(II) shall cease distribution to that specific recipient until the recipient documents that the recipient has returned to compliance with the approved stewardship implementation plan; and

''(III) may continue distribution to other recipients that remain in compliance with the stewardship implementation plan.

''(iii) LIABILITY.—If a manufacturer or importer is in compliance with clause (i)

and has provided all information required under subparagraph (B)(ii), the manufacturer or importer shall not be liable for violations by persons with whom the manufacturer or importer does not have a direct contractual relationship.

''(iv) EFFECT.—Nothing in this paragraph limits the Administrator's authority to enforce compliance directly against any person in possession of a chemical substance that violates an approved stewardship implementation plan submitted under subparagraph (B)(ii).

''(H) EFFECT.—

''(i) INVENTORY.—The granting of an authorization under the stewardship pathway under this paragraph shall not have the effect of placing the substance on the list published under section 8(b).

''(ii) PROHIBITION.—No person may manufacture, process, distribute in commerce, use, or dispose of a chemical substance under the conditions of use for which an authorization under the stewardship pathway is granted under this para-

graph except in compliance with the approved stewardship implementation plan submitted under subparagraph (B)(ii).

"(iii) PRIVATE CAUSES OF ACTION.—Except as provided in subparagraph (G)(iii), nothing in this section shall constrain private causes of action for violations of supply chain agreements.

"(iv) PREMANUFACTURE NOTICE SUBMISSION.—Nothing in this paragraph—

"(I) prevents a submitter for an authorization under the stewardship pathway under this paragraph from also submitting a notice under subsection (a) for the same chemical substance; or

"(II) alters or removes any requirements established by the Administrator or statutory deadlines for a notice under subsection (a).

"(v) OTHER CONDITIONS OF USE.—An authorization granted under this paragraph for 1 or more specific conditions of use shall not be construed as a determination by the Administrator regarding the

risk of the chemical substance for any other condition of use.''.

SEC. 5. LOW VOLUME AND EXPOSURE AUTHORIZATIONS.

(a) UNREASONABLE RISK.—Section 5(h)(1)(A) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2604(h)(1)(A)) is amended by striking ''will not present any unreasonable risk'' and inserting ''is not likely to present an unreasonable risk''.

(b) LOW RELEASE AND LOW EXPOSURE AUTHORIZATION.—Section 5(h) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2604(h)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (4), (5), and (6) as paragraphs (8), (9), and (10), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following:

''(4) LOW VOLUME EXEMPTION.—

''(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (6), the Administrator may, by rule, exempt the manufacture or processing of a new chemical substance from the requirements of subsections (a) and (b) if—

''(i) the new chemical substance is manufactured in quantities of 10,000 kilograms or less per year; and

"(ii) the Administrator determines that the new chemical substance is not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment under the conditions of manufacturing, processing, distribution in commerce, use, and disposal described in the request.

"(B) REQUEST REQUIREMENTS.—A person that manufactures or processes a chemical substance for which an exemption is sought under this paragraph shall submit to the Administrator a request that includes—

"(i) the chemical identity of the chemical substance;

"(ii) a description of the process for manufacturing and processing the chemical substance, including starting materials;

"(iii) a detailed description of the intended conditions of use of the chemical substance;

"(iv) an estimate of the proposed annual production or use quantity of the chemical substance;

"(v) information with respect to all known or intended potential human expo-

sures to, and releases to the environment of, the chemical substance during all phases of domestic manufacture, processing, and use of the chemical substance during the intended conditions of use; and

''(vi) all health and safety studies with respect to the chemical substance in the possession or control of the person submitting the request.

''(5) LOW RELEASE AND EXPOSURE EXEMPTION.—

''(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (6), the Administrator may, by rule, exempt the manufacture or processing of a new chemical substance from the requirements of subsections (a) and (b) if the Administrator determines that the chemical substance is not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment under the intended conditions of manufacturing, processing, distribution in commerce, use, and disposal described in the request.

''(B) REQUEST REQUIREMENTS.—A person that manufactures or processes a chemical substance for which an exemption is sought under

this paragraph shall submit to the Administrator a request that includes—

''(i) the chemical identity of the chemical substance;

''(ii) a description of the process for manufacturing and processing the chemical substance, including starting materials;

''(iii) a detailed description of the intended use of the chemical substance;

''(iv) an estimate of the proposed annual production or use quantity of the chemical substance;

''(v) information with respect to all known or intended potential human exposures to, and releases to the environment of, the chemical substance during all phases of domestic manufacture, processing, and use of the chemical substance; and

''(vi) all health and safety studies with respect to the chemical substance in the possession or control of the person submitting the request.

''(C) ELIGIBILITY CONDITIONS.—The Administrator may only grant a request under

subparagraph (B) if that request demonstrates that the chemical substance for which the request is submitted meets the criteria for low environmental release and low human exposure, including—

"(i) no dermal or inhalation exposure, after consideration of engineering controls and personal protective equipment;

"(ii) no significant drinking water exposure, with an estimated average dosage not exceeding 1 milligram per year, as determined by ambient surface water concentrations not exceeding 1 part per billion, unless supported by scientifically valid data justifying a higher concentration, consistent with methodologies established under section 721.90 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (or a successor regulation);

"(iii) no surface water concentrations above 1 part per billion according to the methodologies established under sections 721.90 and 721.91 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations), unless supported by scientifically

valid data justifying a higher concentration;

''(iv) no incineration emissions above an annual average concentration of 1 microgram per cubic meter calculated according to the method described in section 723.50(c)(2)(iv) of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (or a successor regulation); and

''(v) no releases to land or groundwater, unless negligible migration potential is demonstrated.''.

(c) LIMITATION FOR CERTAIN SUBSTANCES.—Section 5(h) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2604(h)) (as amended by subsection (b)) is amended by inserting after paragraph (5) the following:

''(6) PERSISTENT, BIOACCUMULATIVE, AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND PFAS.—

''(A) DEFINITION OF COVERED SUBSTANCE.—

''(i) IN GENERAL.—In this paragraph, the term 'covered substance' means a chemical substance that is—

''(I) persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic; or

"(II) a per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substance (as defined in section 723.50(b) of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (or a successor regulation)).

"(ii) EXCLUSION.—The term 'covered substance' does not include a substance that is a per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substance (as defined in section 723.50(b) of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (or a successor regulation)) that has fully fluorinated C8–C14 chains.

"(B) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.—The Administrator may only grant an exemption under paragraph (4) or (5) with respect to a covered substance if the submission demonstrates that, under the intended conditions of use described in the request—

"(i) the covered substance is manufactured, processed, or used in a normally closed system that prevents dermal and inhalation exposure and is operated or overseen by personnel trained in the use of task-specific personal protective equipment; and

"(ii) the covered substance is manufactured, processed, or used within equipment that is designed and assessed by a [qualified equipment assessor] to be low risk based on—

"(I) applicable industry safety specifications; and

"(II) control of chemical emissions to the workplace environment so as not to exceed all applicable occupational exposure limits during normal equipment operation and during maintenance activities, where such occupational exposure limits exist.

"(C) PROHIBITION.—The Administrator may not grant any authorization or exemption under this subsection to a chemical substance described in subparagraph (A)(ii).".

(d) DE MINIMIS QUANTITY AUTHORIZATION.—Section 5(h) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2604(h)) (as amended by subsection (c)) is amended by inserting after paragraph (6) the following:

"(7) DE MINIMIS QUANTITY AUTHORIZATION.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), the Administrator

shall exempt from the requirements of subsection (a) any chemical substance manufactured or processed in a quantity of less than 500 kilograms per year, subject to the condition that the manufacturer or processor shall notify the Administrator of the specific chemical identity not later than 30 days after commencing manufacture.

''(B) INELIGIBLE SUBSTANCES.—A chemical substance shall be ineligible for an exemption under subparagraph (A) if the substance—

''(i) has 1 or more fully fluorinated atoms;

''(ii) is a mercury compound;

''(iii) is a lead compound;

''(iv) is a cadmium compound;

''(v) is a nanomaterial;

''(vi) is an aromatic compound with 2 or more halogens; or

''(vii) is a compound with 3 or more fused aromatic rings.

''(C) ADDITIONAL CATEGORIES.—The Administrator may, by rule, exclude additional categories of chemical substances from eligibility for an exemption under subparagraph (A), sub-

ject to the condition that any person that manufactures or processes that chemical substance during the 2-year period ending on the date of publication of the rule may continue to manufacture or process the chemical substance during the applicable review period of a notice submitted under subsection (a) or (h) if the notice required under subparagraph (A) is submitted within 90 days of that date of publication.''.

(e) TIMELINES.—Section 5(h) of the Toxic Substance Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2604(h)) is amended, in paragraph (10) (as redesignated by subsection (b)(1))—

(1) in the third sentence—

(A) by striking ''such an application'' and inserting ''an application under paragraph (1)''; and

(B) by striking ''The Administrator'' and inserting the following:

''(iii) PUBLICATION OF ACTION.—The Administrator'';

(2) in the second sentence—

(A) by striking ''such application'' and inserting ''an application under paragraph (1)''; and

(B) by striking ''The Administrator'' and inserting the following:

''(ii) DEADLINE.—The Administrator'';

(3) by striking the paragraph designation and all that follows through ''the Administrator'' in the first sentence and inserting the following:

''(10) REVIEW DEADLINES.—

''(A) TEST MARKETING.—

''(i) PUBLICATION OF APPLICATION.—Immediately upon receipt of an application under paragraph (1), the Administrator''; and

(4) by adding at the end the following:

''(B) LOW VOLUME AND LOW RELEASE AND EXPOSURE EXEMPTIONS.—

''(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in clause (ii), the Administrator shall act on a request submitted under paragraph (4) or (5) not later than **[**XX**]** days after the date of receipt of the request.

''(ii) PERSISTENT, BIOACCUMULATIVE, AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND PFAS.—If the chemical substance for which a request is submitted under paragraph (4) or (5) is

a covered substance (as defined in paragraph (6)(A)), the Administrator shall act on the request or notice not later than [XX] days after the date of receipt of the request.

''(iii) EXTENSIONS.—

''(I) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may for good cause extend the review period described in clause (i) once for [XX] days.

''(II) PBT/PFAS.—The Administrator may for good cause extend the review period described in clause (ii) once for [XX] days.''.

SEC. 6. THIRD-PARTY ASSESSORS.

Section 5 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2604) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (i) as subsection (l); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (h) the following:

''(i) THIRD-PARTY ASSESSORS.—

''(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of the Toxic Substances Control Act Fee Reauthorization and

Improvement Act of 2026, the Administrator shall establish a program to accredit third-party assessors to review submissions under this section.

''(2) SCOPE OF REVIEW.—An accredited third-party assessor may, at the election of the submitter, conduct 1 or both of the following reviews with respect to a submission under this section:

''(A) COMPLETENESS REVIEW.—A review of the submission to determine whether the submission addresses all applicable data and information elements described in guidance issued by the Administrator under subsection (k) for the applicable submission type.

''(B) RISK ASSESSMENT REVIEW.—A review of any risk assessment included in the submission to determine whether the risk assessment was conducted using assumptions, models, and procedures employed by the Administrator, including under the program described in subsection (a)(4)(B)(i) or any successor methodology adopted by the Administrator.

''(3) ACCREDITATION.—The Administrator shall establish requirements for accreditation under this subsection, which shall include, at a minimum—

"(A) demonstrated proficiency in the use of risk assessment models and tools employed by the Administrator;

"(B) independence from the submitter whose submission is under review;

"(C) compliance with the requirements of section 14 with respect to confidential business information; and

"(D) such other criteria as the Administrator determines appropriate.

"(4) EFFECT OF THIRD-PARTY REVIEW.—

"(A) COMPLETENESS.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—A submission under this section accompanied by a completeness review under paragraph (2)(A) that determines the submission addresses all applicable elements shall be presumed complete for purposes of subsection (k).

"(ii) REBUTTAL.—The Administrator may rebut the presumption described in clause (i) only by issuing a deficiency notice under subsection (k)(4) not later than **[**XX**]** days after the date of receipt of the submission.

"(iii) LIMITATION.—With respect to a submission described in clause (i), the Administration may not issue more than 1 deficiency notice under subsection (k)(4).

"(iv) RELATION TO REVIEW PERIOD.—With respect to a submission described in clause (i), the applicable review period under this section shall begin on the date on which the Administrator receives the submission, unless a deficiency notice is issued under subsection (k)(4), in which case the review period shall be tolled in accordance with subparagraph (C) of that subsection.

"(B) RISK ASSESSMENT.—A submission under this section accompanied by a risk assessment review under paragraph (2)(B) that determines the risk assessment was conducted in accordance with the assumptions, models, and procedures of the Administrator shall be eligible for the expedited review periods established by paragraph (5).

"(C) DUAL CERTIFICATION.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—A submission under this section that is accompanied by

both a completeness review under paragraph (2)(A) and a risk assessment review under paragraph (2)(B) shall be subject to subparagraphs (A) and (B).

''(ii) FAILURE TO ACT.—If the Administrator does not complete the applicable determination within the expedited review period established by paragraph (5) with respect to a submission described in clause (i), the submitter may, not earlier than **[**XX**]** days after providing written notice to the Administrator, commence manufacture of the chemical substance, subject to—

''(I) the specific conditions of use described in the submission, including engineering controls, personal protective equipment, disposal practices, and exposure parameters;

''(II) any restrictions on volume, duration, facility, or use identified in the submission; and

''(III) a requirement to cease manufacture on notification by the

Administrator of a determination under subsection (e) or (f).

''(D) ENFORCEMENT OF POST-COMMENCEMENT CONDITIONS.—

''(i) ENFORCEMENT.—

''(I) IN GENERAL.—The conditions described in subclauses (I) through (III) of subparagraph (C)(ii) shall be enforceable in the same manner as the terms of an order issued under subsection (e).

''(II) VIOLATIONS.—A violation of any such condition shall be a prohibited act under section 15 and subject to enforcement under section 16.

''(ii) RETENTION OF AUTHORITY.—Nothing in subparagraph (C) limits the authority of the Administrator—

''(I) to complete the applicable determination with respect to a submission described in subparagraph (C)(i); or

''(II) to act under subsection (e) or (f) based on information not available to the third-party assessor at the

time of the review under paragraph (2).

''(5) EXPEDITED REVIEW PERIODS.—The following review periods shall apply to eligible submissions described in paragraph (4)(B):

''(A) FIRST TIER.—With respect to a notice described in subsection (a)(5)(A)(i) that is considered complete under subsection (k), the review period for completing the determination under subsection (a)(3)(C) shall be the **[**XX**]**-day period beginning on the date on which the Administrator receives the notice.

''(B) SECOND TIER.—With respect to a notice described in subsection (a)(5)(A)(ii) that is considered complete under subsection (k), the review period for completing the determination under subsection (a)(3)(C) shall be the **[**XX**]**-day period beginning on the date on which the Administrator receives the notice.

''(C) THIRD TIER.—With respect to a notice described in subsection (a)(5)(A)(iii) that is considered complete under subsection (k), the review period for completing the determination under subsection (a)(3)(C) shall be the **[**XX**]**-

day period beginning on the date on which the Administrator receives the notice.

''(D) FOURTH TIER.—With respect to a notice described in subsection (a)(5)(A)(iv) that is considered complete under subsection (k), the review period for completing the determination under subsection (a)(3)(C) shall be the **[**XX**]**-day period beginning on the date on which the Administrator receives the notice.

''(E) STEWARDSHIP PATHWAY AUTHORIZATIONS.—With respect to a submission for an authorization under the stewardship pathway under subsection (h)(11), the review period for completing the determination under subparagraph (C)(i) of that subsection shall be the **[**XX**]**-day period beginning on the date on which the Administrator receives the submission.

''(F) LOW VOLUME AND LOW RELEASE AND EXPOSURE EXEMPTIONS.—

''(i) IN GENERAL.—With respect to a request submitted under paragraph (4) or (5) of subsection (h), the review period for completing the determination under such paragraph shall be the **[**XX**]**-day period

beginning on the date on which the Administrator receives the submission.

''(ii) PERSISTENT, BIOACCUMULATIVE, AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND PFAS.—If the chemical substance for which a request is submitted under paragraph (4) or (5) of subsection (h) is a covered substance (as defined in paragraph (6)(A) of that subsection), the review period for completing the determination under paragraph (4) or (5), as applicable, of that subsection shall be the **[**XX**]**-day period beginning on the date on which the Administrator receives the submission.

''(6) REVOCATION.—The Administrator may revoke the accreditation of a third-party assessor under this subsection for cause, including a pattern of deficient reviews or failure to comply with the requirements of this subsection.

''(7) REGULATIONS.—Not later than **[**1 year / 18 months**]** after the date of enactment of the Toxic Substances Control Act Fee Reauthorization and Improvement Act of 2026, the Administrator shall promulgate regulations to carry out this subsection, which shall include—

"(A) criteria and procedures for accreditation and revocation under this subsection;

"(B) standards for the conduct of reviews under paragraph (2); and

"(C) fees for accreditation, which shall be deposited in the fund established under section 26(b)(3)(A).

"(8) COSTS.—The costs of a review conducted by an accredited third-party assessor under this subsection—

"(A) shall be borne by the submitter; and

"(B) shall not be subject to the fee authority under section 26(b).".

SEC. 7. CERTAIN TYPES OF CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES.

Section 5 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2604) is amended by inserting after subsection (i) (as added by section 6(2)) the following:

"(j) CERTAIN TYPES OF CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall, where notices have been submitted for multiple new chemical substances that are substantially similar to one another and pose a substantially similar hazard, identify and implement streamlined and standardized ways to review, determine risk, and protect against unreasonable risk for such types of sub-

stances in order to increase efficiency and encourage innovation.

''(2) INTEGRATION WITH TIERED REVIEW.—A notice for a new chemical substance that falls within a category identified by the Administrator under paragraph (1) shall be eligible for assignment to the tier of review under subsection (a)(5)(A)(ii) applicable to chemical substances for which the Administrator has developed established scientific methodology for review.''.

SEC. 8. COMPLETENESS STANDARD.

Section 5 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2604) is amended by inserting after subsection (j) (as added by section 7) the following:

''(k) COMPLETENESS STANDARD.—

''(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than **[**XX**]** days after receipt of a submission under this section, the Administrator shall determine if the submission is complete.

''(2) GUIDANCE.—

''(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this subsection, the Administrator shall issue guidance describing the specific data and information elements that constitute a complete submission for

each of the following types of submissions under this section:

"(i) Premanufacture notices under subsection (a).

"(ii) Requests for exemptions submitted under paragraphs (4) and (5) of subsection (h).

"(iii) Submissions for authorizations under the stewardship pathway under subsection (h)(11).

"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The guidance under subparagraph (A) shall identify, for each submission type described in that subparagraph, the categories of hazard, exposure, use, and comparative information required to enable the Administrator to make a determination under this section.

"(ii) STEWARDSHIP PATHWAY AUTHORIZATIONS.—In addition to the requirements described in clause (i), the guidance under subparagraph (A) for a submission described in clause (iii) of that subparagraph shall require a submission—

"(I) to address all applicable elements described in subsection (h)(11)(B); and

"(II) to conform to guidance issued under subsection (h)(11)(F) and implementing regulations.

"(3) LIMITATIONS ON REQUIRED DATA ELEMENTS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—With respect to any submission under this section, the Administrator may not require any data elements beyond those specified in this section, unless the Administrator provides a written determination based on substantial evidence that such additional data elements are necessary to make a determination under this section.

"(B) REQUESTS FOR ADDITIONAL DATA ELEMENTS.—If the Administrator requests data related to a condition of use not described in a submission under this section, including a reasonably foreseeable condition of use, the written determination shall explicitly identify the factual basis for why such use is reasonably foreseeable.

"(4) DEFICIENCY NOTICES.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than **[**XX**]** calendar days after receipt of a submission under this section, the Administrator may issue to the submitter a written deficiency notice identifying with specificity each information element required in the guidance issued under paragraph (2) that is missing or materially deficient.

"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—A deficiency notice issued under subparagraph (A) shall—

"(i) identify the specific data or information element from the guidance that the submission fails to address;

"(ii) explain why that element is necessary for the applicable review; and

"(iii) describe what would constitute a sufficient response.

"(C) REVIEW PERIOD.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The review period applicable to a submission under this section shall be tolled during the period beginning on the date on which a deficiency notice is issued under subparagraph (A) and ending on the date on which the submitter

provides the data or information described in subparagraph (B)(i).

''(ii) RESUMPTION OF REVIEW PERIOD.—On the date on which the submitter provides data or information described in subparagraph (B)(i), the applicable review period shall resume with the number of days remaining on the day the period described in clause (i) began.

''(D) SUPPLEMENTAL DEFICIENCY NOTICE.—

''(i) IN GENERAL.—If, after the **[**XX**]**-day period described in subparagraph (A), the Administrator discovers a material omission in a submission under this section directly related to an information element required in the guidance issued under paragraph (2) that could not reasonably have been identified within that **[**XX**]**-day period, the Administrator may issue to the submitter a written supplemental deficiency notice not later than **[**XX**]** calendar days after discovering that omission.

"(ii) REQUIREMENTS.—A supplemental deficiency notice issued under clause (i) shall contain—

"(I) the information described in subparagraph (B); and

"(II) a description of why the omission could not reasonably have been identified during the **[**XX**]**-day period described in subparagraph (A).

"(iii) REVIEW PERIOD.—The review period applicable to a submission under this section shall not be tolled on the issuance of a supplemental deficiency notice under clause (i).

"(E) EFFECT OF NONISSUANCE.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—If the Administrator does not issue a deficiency notice under this paragraph with respect to a submission under this section within the **[**XX**]**-day period described in subparagraph (A)—

"(I) subject to subparagraph (D), the submission shall be considered complete; and

"(II) the applicable review period shall not be tolled for completeness-related reasons.

"(ii) INADEQUATE NOTICE.—A deficiency notice issued under subparagraph (A) that does not satisfy the requirements described in subparagraph (B) shall be treated as if the deficiency notice had not been issued.

"(5) RELATION TO REVIEW PERIOD.—With respect to a submission under this section—

"(A) the applicable review period under this section shall begin on the date on which the Administrator receives the submission; and

"(B) except as provided in paragraph (4)(C), the applicable review period under this section shall run concurrently with the period of determining completeness under this subsection.".

SEC. 9. PEER REVIEW.

Section 6(b)(4)(F) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2605(b)(4)(F)) is amended—

(1) in clause (iv), by striking "and" at the end;

(2) by redesignating clause (v) as clause (vi); and

(3) by inserting after clause (iv) the following:

''(v) submit the risk evaluation for peer review by the Science Advisory Committee on Chemicals in accordance with section 26(o)(5); and''.

SEC. 10. EQUIVALENCY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 8(b)(3) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2607(b)(3)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

''(C) EQUIVALENCY.—

''(i) IN GENERAL.—A chemical substance shall be considered equivalent to a substance of unknown or variable composition, complex reaction product, or biological material appearing as an active substance on the list described under paragraph (1) on a determination by the manufacturer or processor that, without regard to feedstock, such chemical substance uses the same process descriptors and fits within the same—

''(I) predominant carbon-number ranges;

''(II) approximate boiling ranges; and

"(III) other relevant information found in the Chemical Name and Chemical Substance Definition, if present.

"(ii) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—For purposes of clause (i), the raw material source term in the substance name or supplementary definition shall be considered as an example term and not a requirement for determining the status of a substance on the list under paragraph (1) for chemical substances, including alternative-source process streams.

"(iii) DEFINITION.—In this subparagraph, the term 'substance of unknown or variable composition, complex reaction product, or biological material' means a Class 2 chemical substance with no definite molecular formula representation and partial structural diagrams or no structural diagrams.".

SEC. 11. CITIZENS' PETITIONS.

Section 21 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2620) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by striking ''rule under section 4, 6, or 8 or'' and inserting ''rule under section 4 or 8, the commencement of a risk evaluation under section 6(b), or the issuance, amendment, or repeal of''; and

(B) by striking ''5(e) or (f)'' and inserting ''subsection (e) or (f) of section 5''; and

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1)—

(i) by striking ''(1) Such petition'' and inserting the following:

''(1) FILING OF PETITION.—A petition under subsection (a)''; and

(ii) by striking ''rule under section 4, 6, or 8 or an order under section 4 or 5(e) or (f)'' and inserting ''rule under section 4 or 8, commence a risk evaluation under section 6(b), or issue, amend, or repeal an order under section 4 or subsection (e) or (f) of section 5'';

(B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) by striking ''(2) The Administrator'' and inserting the following:

''(2) HEARING; INVESTIGATION.—The Administrator''; and

(ii) by striking ''such petition'' and inserting ''a petition under subsection (a)'';

(C) in paragraph (3)—

(i) by striking ''(3) Within 90'' and inserting the following:

''(3) GRANT OR DENIAL.—Within 90'';

(ii) in the second sentence, by striking ''6,'' and inserting ''6(b),''; and

(iii) by inserting after the second sentence the following: ''The Administrator may only grant the petition if the petition demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that undertaking the action described in the petition is necessary.'';

(D) in paragraph (4)—

(i) by striking the paragraph designation and all that follows through ''If the Administrator'' in the first sentence of subparagraph (A) and inserting the following:

''(4) CIVIL ACTION.—

''(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Administrator'';

(ii) in subparagraph (A), in the first sentence, by striking ''to compel the Administrator to initiate a rulemaking pro-

ceeding as requested in the petition'' and inserting ''to require the Administrator to reconsider the denial of the petition'';

(iii) by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following:

''(B) PROCEDURES.—

''(i) IN GENERAL.—In an action under subparagraph (A) respecting a petition to initiate a proceeding to issue a rule under section 4 or 6, commence a risk evaluation under section 6(b), or issue, amend, or repeal an order under section 4 or subsection (e) or (f) of section 5, the petitioner shall be provided an opportunity to request a court to require the Administrator to reconsider the denial of the petition.

''(ii) STANDARD OF EVIDENCE.—A court may only require the Administrator to reconsider the denial of a petition described in clause (i) if the petition demonstrates, by clear and convincing evidence, that—

''(I) the requested action is necessary to protect health or the environment; and

''(II) the denial of the petition was inconsistent with the purposes of this Act.

''(iii) DE NOVO PROCEEDING.—A court shall review a denial of a petition described in clause (i) in a de novo proceeding.''; and

(iv) in subparagraph (C)—

(I) by striking ''(C) The court'' and inserting the following:

''(C) COSTS OF SUIT.—The court''; and

(II) in the second sentence, by striking ''to review such an order'' and inserting ''to require reconsideration of the denial of a petition described in subparagraph (B)(i)''; and

(E) in paragraph (5), by striking ''(5) The remedies'' and inserting the following:

''(5) REMEDIES.—The remedies''.

SEC. 12. ADMINISTRATION OF THE ACT.

Section 26 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2625) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)(6), by striking ''10 years'' and inserting ''20 years'';

(2) in subsection (h)—

(A) in paragraph (4), by striking ''and'' at the end;

(B) in paragraph (5), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

''(6) the extent to which any draft or final scientific assessment or risk evaluation developed by the Administrator is consistent with the scientific standards described in this subsection and subsection (i) when relied on by the Administrator; and

''(7) the comments and expertise of other Federal agencies following a robust and formal interagency review process, including the Department of Defense, the Department of Energy, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, and the Department of Agriculture.''; and

(3) in subsection (o), by adding at the end the following:

''(5) COMMITTEE REVIEW.—

''(A) IN GENERAL.—In reviewing a risk evaluation conducted under section 6, the Com-

mittee shall conduct a complete in-person peer review.

''(B) REQUIREMENTS.—In conducting a peer review under subparagraph (A), the Committee shall—

''(i) allow reviewers a minimum of **[**XX**]** days to conduct peer reviews; and

''(ii) ensure a thorough review of the risk evaluations, including—

''(I) the underlying science relied on by the Administrator and in making the risk determinations of the Administrator; and

''(II) the quality and scientific veracity of any draft or final scientific assessment relied on by the Administrator in conducting the risk evaluations.''.

SEC. 13. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this Act and the amendments made by this Act **[**$XXXX**]** for each of fiscal years 2027 through 2031.