1	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT
2	Solid and Hazardous Waste Commission/Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Division
4	6 CCR 1007-2
5 6	PART 1 - REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO SOLID WASTE SITES AND FACILITIES
7 8 9 10	Amendment of Section 18, Producer Responsibility Regulations
11 12 13 14 15	1) The Table of Contents for the Solid Waste Regulations is being amended by revisin the title of subsection 18.9 of Section 18 (Producer Responsibility) to read as follows:
16	TABLE OF CONTENTS
17 18	PART A
19 20 21 22	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS AND INFORMATION CONCERNING ALL SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL SITES AND FACILITIES IN THE STATE OF COLORADO
23 24	*****
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	SECTION 18 PRODUCER RESPONSIBILITY  18.1 General Provisions  18.2 Producers  18.3 Covered Materials – Minimum Recyclable List  18.4 Covered Entities  18.5 Producer Responsibility Organization (PRO)  18.6 Individual Program Plan (IPP) Requirements  18.7 Additional Producer Responsibility Organization (PRO)  18.8 Education and Outreach Program  18.9 Producer Eco-Modulation (Reserved)  18.10 PRO Reimbursement to CDPHE  18.11 Inspection – Enforcement – Penalties
40 41 42 43 44	2) The Table of Contents for Section 18 (Producer Responsibility) is being amended to revise subsections 18.2 and 18.9 to read as follows:
45 46	SECTION 18 – PRODUCER RESPONSIBILITY
47	TABLE OF CONTENTS

103 \*\*\*\*\* 104 "Contamination" means discarded materials delivered to a recycling, compost or other processing facility 105 106 in an amount or concentration that negatively impacts the value of the material being collected or 107 negatively impacts a processor's ability to sort that material. 108 109 For composting, contamination only includes covered materials that are not certified compostable. 110 111 112 113 "Eco-modulation" means the approach in which producer responsibility dues are structured and adjusted 114 for the purpose of preventing, minimizing or reducing negative environmental, social, economic, and 115 health impacts of covered materials. 116 \*\*\*\*\* 117 118 119 "Eco-modulation bonus schedule" RESERVED means optional incentives that reduce producer 120 responsibility dues for covered materials that meet certain benchmarks established by the Commission 121 for the purpose of preventing, minimizing or reducing negative environmental, social, economic, and 122 health impacts of covered materials. 123 124 \*\*\*\*\* 125 126 127 "Inbound contamination rate" means the percentage of covered material contamination collected and 128 sent to a MRF, compost facility or other processor of covered materials that is not recyclable either due to 129 improper recycling behavior or covered materials that are not recyclable. 130 \*\*\*\*\* 131 132 133 "Malus" means a disincentive developed by the PRO or an individual producer of an alternative collection 134 program that increases producer responsibility dues for the purpose of preventing, minimizing or reducing 135 negative environmental, social, economic, and health impacts of covered materials. 136 137 \*\*\*\*\* 138 139 "Postconsumer-recycled-content rate" means the amount of postconsumer recycled materials used in 140 the production of covered materials in a calendar year divided by the amount of covered materials used 141 for products sold or distributed by producers within or into their United States market territory in the same 142 calendar year, expressed as a percentage. 143 144 145 146 "Qualifying Material" means any covered material supplied by a producer that meets the related 147 requirements and benchmarks established in sections 18.9.1 and 18.9.2. 148 149 150 151 "Reuse" or "Refill" means the return into the marketplace of a covered material that: 152

(a) has already been used in the same manner as originally intended without a change in the covered

- material's purpose; and
- (b) was intended to be used for its original purpose at least five times. A covered material is used five times when it is used once for its original purpose and four additional times following this.

For purposes of this definition, 1) returnable reusable packaging; is packaging designed to be recirculated multiple times for the same or similar purpose in its original format in a system for reuse, that is owned by

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producers or a third party and is returned to producers or a third party after each use; and 2) refillable packaging: is packaging designed to be refilled by consumers multiple times for the same or similar purpose in its original format, and that is sold or provided to consumers once for the duration of its usable life, and where the producer has made the same or similar product available for consumers to refill five-multiple times without the need for additional packaging.

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"Small business" means an individual business at a physical business location that has less than the total annual gross global sales as adjusted annually by the Consumer Price Index as specified in Section 1.8.2.

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4) Section 18.2.2 (Order of Obligation) is being amended by revising paragraphs (B)(1) and (B)(2) to read as follows:

#### 18.2 PRODUCERS

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#### 18.2.2 ORDER OF OBLIGATION

The following producers are subject to the Program in order of who is first obligated, if the product is sold or distributed in Colorado (except for paragraph E):

- (A) Producers of Products Using Packaging Materials and Producers of Unfilled Food and Beverage Packaging Material
  - (1) The brand owner of the product directing or performing the manufacturing of the packaging material used for the product;
  - (2) If (1) does not apply, then the brand or trademark licensee of the product directing the manufacturing of the packaging material used for the product;
  - (3) If there is no identified brand on the packaging materials and neither (1) nor (2) applies, then the manufacturer of the product using covered materials; or
  - (4) If (1) through (3) do not apply, then the importer into the United States of the product using covered materials.
- (B) Producers of Packaging Materials Used in Internet Transactions

Internet transactions involve two obligated producers, both who are equally obligated:

- (1) Producers of packaging material used to <u>directly</u> protect or contain the product (follow determination in (A)); and
- (2) Producers of packaging material used to ship the product to the consumer (follow determination in (A)). The person that packages or ships the product to the consumer.

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5) Section 18.2.3 (Producer Exemptions) is being amended by revising paragraph (F)(2) to read as follows:

#### 18.2.3 Producer Exemptions

The following categories of producers are exempt from the Program under section 713 of the Producer Responsibility Act:

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- (F) An individual business operating a retail food establishment that is located at a physical business location and that is licensed under section 25-4-1607(1)(a), C.R.S. (2024), or sections 32-106.5(1) to 32-106.5(5) (2024) of the Denver Code of Ordinances.
  - (1) This includes a retail food establishment preparing or serving food in individual portions for immediate on- or off-premises consumption and assessed an annual fee based on the schedule in section 25-4-1607(1)(a), C.R.S. (2024).
  - (2) Where the producer is a business operated wholly or in part as a franchise, the franchisees that is an individual business at a physical business location in the state.

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6) Section 18.2.5 (Recordkeeping, Reporting, and Production of Records) is being amended by revising paragraph (C) to read as follows:

Section 18.2.5 Recordkeeping, Reporting, and Production of Records

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(C) Consistent with Section 18.1, a producer must make all documents and records related to the calculation and payment of producer responsibility dues, recycling rates, collection rates, postconsumer-recycled-content rates, and any other materials necessary for the department to determine compliance with section 708(7) of the Producer Responsibility Act available for inspection by the department. In connection with enforcing a violation by a producer pursuant to section 710 of the Producer Responsibility Act, the department may request in writing that the producer provide any such documents or records to the department.

Producers must submit documents and records to the PRO if they believe they are exempt forcovered material.

# 7) Add new Section 18.2.7 (Producer dues eco-modulation factors hearing) to read as follows:

### 18.2.7 Producer dues eco-modulation factors hearing

#### (A) Timeline to request a hearing

A producer who receives a final invoice from the PRO or individual producer of an alternative collection program assessing annual dues for the Program may request a hearing before the advisory board to contest whether the eco-modulation factors increasing or reducing the dues assessed comply with the Plan, IPP, applicable Regulations, or the Producer Responsibility Act. Before requesting a hearing, a producer must first proceed through the dispute resolution process provided in the contract between the PRO or individual producer of an alternative collection program and producer, if applicable. Should this process not resolve the dispute, only then may a producer request a hearing within 35 days following the final outcome of the dispute resolution process. All requests for hearing must be sent to the following email address, eprcomments@state.co.us, no

later than 5pm Mountain Time on the 35th day. A producer may withdraw its request for a hearing at any time upon notice via email to eprcomments@state.co.us.

# (B) Requirements for a request for hearing

A producer who requests a hearing must include the following information in its request. Producers who do not address all requirements will have their request dismissed. If applicable, a producer may request the following information be protected as confidential business information under the process set forth in Section 18.1.4.

# A request for hearing must:

- (1) Be submitted in writing and include the name of the entity requesting the hearing and the full name, address, email, and phone number of the actual individual who will be the main contact for the request;
- (2) Include a detailed description of the alleged error in the eco-modulation factors included in the producer dues calculations with citations to the specific authority under the Producer Responsibility Act and any other authorities and/or documents in support;
- (3) Include documentation of completion of all phases of the dispute resolution process with the PRO or individual producer of an alternative collection program, if applicable;
- (4) Include a copy of the final disputed invoice and proof of payment, including the date of payment, of the disputed dues; and
- (5) State the amount of time anticipated for the hearing.

### (C) Hearing process

The advisory board has the authority to hear producer hearing requests in compliance with 24-4-105, C.R.S. Hearings may be held in person, virtually or in a hybrid format at the advisory board's discretion.

Upon receipt of a complete hearing request, the administrator for the advisory board or the administrator's designee must forward the request to the board. The administrator for the board or the administrator's designee must also issue a notice of hearing describing the prehearing and hearing processes to the producer via email and post the notice on its webpage. The administrator for the board or the administrator's designee must then schedule the producer's request for a hearing at the next available board meeting that allows for at least 30-days notice prior to the hearing.

The PRO or individual producer of an alternative collection program may request party status at the hearing by submitting an email to eprcomments@state.co.us, no later than 10 days after the notice of hearing is posted to the board's webpage.

At the hearing, the producer bears the burden to show that the eco-modulation factors included in the dues assessed by the invoice do not comply with the Plan, IPP, applicable regulations, or the Producer Responsibility Act. The advisory board may consider any evidence submitted with the hearing request and any evidence submitted by the PRO or individual producer of an alternative collection program, if applicable. Following completion of the hearing, the board must make a recommendation to either uphold the producer's dues as invoiced or reduce the producer's dues based on the error found. The board must issue its recommendation in writing and include reasoning supporting its recommendation and the recommended final dues amount.

Should the producer who requested the hearing fail to attend it, the advisory board may make a recommendation based on the evidence in the record and any evidence and testimony from the

PRO or individual producer of an alternative collection program.

### (D) Director review, decision

The Director of the Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Division must review the board's recommendation and make a decision whether to approve or reject the recommendation within 45 days after receipt. If the Director decides to reject the board's recommendation, the Director must make their own decision regarding the eco-modulation factors included in the dues based on the record reviewed by the board. The Director must issue their recommendation in writing and include reasoning supporting their decision. The Director must communicate their decision to all parties to the hearing via email 45 days after receiving the board's recommendation.

## (E) No stay, refund

A producer's obligation to pay the dues assessed by the PRO or individual producer of an alternative collection program is not stayed while the hearing request is pending.

If the Director of the HMWMD decides for the producer, a producer will receive a refund of the total amount of increased dues from the assessed eco-modulation factors within a reasonable amount of time but no later than 60 days following the Director's decision.

## (F) Judicial review

A producer may seek judicial review of any final decision of the Director of HMWMD as permitted by § 24-4-106, C.R.S.

# 8) Section 18.3 (COVERED MATERIALS – MINIMUM RECYCLABLE LIST) is being amended to read as follows:

## 18.3 COVERED MATERIALS - MINIMUM RECYCLABLE LIST

This Section 18.3 applies to all covered material categories of packaging and paper products. Compliance with this Section 18 does not relieve any producer from his/her obligation to comply with any other applicable federal, state or local statutes, regulations, requirements or ordinances.

The categories described below are not intended to be all-inclusive, but rather are set forth to assist producers such as manufacturers, brand or trademark owners or licensees, distributors, importers, shippers, and packagers in determining the appropriate category of a covered material. The department recognizes that case-by-case determinations may be necessary concerning selection of an appropriate category for a particular covered material. Accordingly, the department may require that analytical and/or process information be supplied by the producer to assist in making such determinations.

Producers must submit documents and records to the PRO if they believe they are exempt for covered material.

137	applicable reporting year.
138	(2) Producers of a covered material must be in compliance with the Act. A producer is not
139	considered in compliance with the Act if the producer is subject to a final administrative
140	penalty order pursuant to Section 18.11.3 that is not stayed or is subject to a fully
141	adjudicated civil action for injunctive relief pursuant to section 18.11.4.
142	
143	(B) A producer is eligible for 18.9.2 bonuses equal to a reduction in base dues of 10% for the
144	qualifying material in addition to incentives or maluses applied by the PRO or an individual
145	producer of an alternative collection program.
146	
147	(C) The bonus benchmarks in section 18.9.2 are not mandatory for producers.
148	
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150	18.9.2 Benchmarks
ŀ51	No later than October 31, 2026, the PRO and individual producer of an alternative collection program
52	must publish producer dues and guidance for producers to be able to calculate their total producer dues
153	and reductions to dues from the eco-modulation bonuses.
153 154	and reductions to dues from the coe modulation periases.
155	No later than January 31, 2027, the PRO and individual producer of an alternative collection program
155 156 157	must apply the following eco-modulation bonuses to reduce producer responsibility dues paid if a
157	qualifying material can achieve one or all of the following benchmarks:
150	qualifying material can achieve one or all of the following benchmarks.
158	(A) On Dealeana Carting Instructions Development
159	(A) On-Package Sorting Instructions Benchmark
160	
161	Starting January 1, 2029, a bonus equal to a 1% reduction in dues for each qualifying material
62	that meets the on-package sorting instructions criteria and guidance developed in section
163	<u>18.9.3(B).</u>
164	
165	(B) Local End Use Benchmark
166	
ŀ67	A bonus equal to a 1% reduction in dues for each qualifying material that is:
168	
169	1. On the minimum recyclable list or recyclables list identified through an alternative
170	collection program;
71	2. Uses an average of at least 20% postconsumer-recycled content generated in the United
72	States for the applicable reporting year; and
73	3. Utilized by an end market business in Colorado.
74	o. Other by all one market backness in colorade.
175	(C) Compostability Benchmark
175 176	10/ Compodasing Bonomiana
177	(1) A producer is eligible for a bonus equal to a 1% reduction in dues of their certified
170	compostable qualifying material if:
170	compostable qualifying material ii.
190	(a) The qualifying material mosts the ASTM standards of D6400 (2022), D6969
100 101	(a) The qualifying material meets the ASTM standards of D6400 (2022), D6868
100 100	(2021), D8410 (2022) (or successor standards) as compostable; and
102	(b) Meets the labeling requirements set forth in § 25-17-803, C.R.S. (2025).
103	(D) O O( a la D la sala
177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184	(D) Case Study Benchmark
186	(1) On or before July 1, 2027, a producer of a qualifying material, is eligible for a bonus equal
ŀ87	to a 1% reduction in dues if the producer or group of producers:
188	(a) Submits an initial case study proposal to the corresponding PRO or individual of
189	an alternative collection program that:
190	
⊦⊎U	<ul><li>(i) Is directly relevant to the producer's qualifying material;</li></ul>

- (ii) Is designed to yield measurable benefits in the collection, reuse,
  sortation, recyclability or compostability, reduction or elimination of waste
  or toxicity, or development of Colorado end markets; and
- (iii) Includes a defined scope, the covered materials impacted, the estimated cost, and the implementation timeline of the study.
- (b) Receives a recommendation from the corresponding PRO or individual producer of an alternative collection program and approval from the department to carry out the study;
- (c) Successfully completes a case study in accordance with the proposal, reports out to the PRO or individual producer of an alternative collection program that includes the measurable benefit provided and the true cost to carry out the study; and
- (d) Gives consent to the PRO or individual producer of an alternative collection program for publication of the results of the case study.
- (2) The incentive case study bonus reduction shall not exceed the individual producer's contributions to the cost to carry out the study.
- (3) The case study must take place in Colorado or must be paired with investment(s) in Colorado and take place in the United States.
- (4) The incentive will be accounted for in the reporting year the final report is published by the PRO or individual producer of an alternative collection program.
- (5) A producer may not receive a reduction from this bonus if they have already received funding from a PRO or individual producer of an alternative collection program for the same applicable activity.

## 18.9.3 PRO and Alternative Collection Program Requirements

The PRO and individual producer(s) of an alternative collection program shall:

- (A) In its first annual report, assess the producer participation and establish baselines for the ecomodulation bonus schedule developed by the department. For each annual report thereafter, they shall also assess the effectiveness and practicality of the eco-modulation bonus schedule developed by the department.
- (B) In coordination with the department, develop and publish on-package sorting instruction criteria for their corresponding covered materials no later than January 1, 2028, that incentivize producers to display clear sorting instructions in Section 18.9.2(A) that accurately reflects recyclability or proper disposal pathway of the qualifying material in Colorado.
- (C) In coordination with the department, develop and publish guidance criteria for the case study proposal, recommendation, and reporting processing in 18.9.2(D) no later than October 31, 2026.
- (D) Develop internal guidance and determine verification processes for the benchmarks in section 18.9.2, and receive approval from the department on the internal guidance and verification process by October 31, 2026.